
Nanog Recombinant Rabbit mAb

Catalog Number: bsm-54791R

Target Protein: Nanog

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Recombinant

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:50-200), IHC-F (1:20-100), IF (1:50-200), Flow-Cyt (1:20-100), ICC/IF (1:50-200)

Reactivity: (predicted:Human)

Predicted MW: 34 kDa

Subcellular Nucleus

Locations:

Entrez Gene: 100293888

Swiss Prot: Q9H9S0

Source: Recombinant Human Nanog protein: 9-49/305.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 1*TBS (pH7.4), 0.05% BSA, 40% Glycerol. Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Nanog is a newly identified homeodomain-bearing transcriptional factor. Nanog expression is specific to early embryos and pluripotent stem cells including mouse and human embryonic stem (ES) and embryonic germ (EG) cells. It is a key molecule involved in the signaling pathway for maintaining the capacity for self-renewal and pluripotency, bypassing regulation by the STAT3 pathway. Nanog mRNA is present in pluripotent mouse and human cell lines, and absent from differentiated cells. Nanog-deficient ES cells lose pluripotency and differentiate into extraembryonic endoderm lineage. Thus it is one of the molecular markers suitable for recognizing the undifferentiated state of stem cells in the mouse and human.

NANOG is a new marker for testicular carcinoma in situ and germ cell tumors.

NANOG is a gene expressed in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) and is thought to be a key factor in maintaining pluripotency. NANOG thought to function in concert with other factors such as POU5F1 and SOX2 to establish ESC identity. These cells offer an important area of study because of their ability to maintain pluripotency. In other words, these cells have the ability

to become virtually any cell of any of the three germ layers (endoderm, ectoderm, mesoderm).