

Estrogen receptor alpha Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-0253R

Target Protein: Estrogen receptor alpha

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:50-200), ICC/IF (1:50-1:200), ELISA

(1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: Human (predicted:Mouse, Rat)

Predicted MW: 66 kDa
Entrez Gene: 2099
Swiss Prot: P03372

Source: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Estrogen Receptor alpha:

241-300/595.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Estrogen and progesterone receptor are members of a family of transcription factors that

are regulated by the binding of their cognate ligands. The interaction of hormone-bound estrogen receptors with estrogen responsive elements(EREs) alters transcription of ERE-containing genes. The carboxy terminal region of the estrgen receptor contains the ligand binding domain, the amino terminus serves as the transactivation domain, and the DNA binding domain is centrally located. Two forms of estrogen receptor have been identified, ER Alpha and ER Beta. ER Alpha and ER Beta have been shown to be differentially activated by various ligands. The biological response to progesterone is mediated by two distinct forms of the human progesterone receptor (hPR-A and hPR-B), which arise from alternative splicing. In most cells, hPR-B functions as a transcriptional activator of progesterone-responsive gene, whereas hPR-A function as a transcriptional inhibitor of all steroid

hormone receptors.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=2.65] Zaki Asmaa Hussein. et al. Medicinal Mushroom Leucocalocybe mongolica Imai Extracts Improve Mammary Gland Differentiation in Lactating Rats via Regulating Protein Expression. EVID-BASED COMPL ALT. 2022;2022:5762847 IHC; Rat. 35761899 [IF=2.089] Huan He. et al. BDE-209 disturbed proliferation and differentiation of spermatogonia during mitotic process through estrogen receptor α. REPROD BIOL. 2023 Jun;23:100737 WB,IF; Rat. 36821943 [IF=1.487] Mengmeng Yu. et al. Daidzein promotes milk synthesis and proliferation of mammary epithelial cells via the estrogen receptor

 $\alpha\text{-dependent NF\kappaB1}$ activation. 2020 May 13 WB,IF ; Bovine . 32401613