bs-8560R

[Primary Antibody]

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ELL3 Rabbit pAb

DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GeneID: 80237 SWISS: Q9HB65

Target: ELL3

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ELL3:

51-158/158.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Eukaryotic RNA polymerase II mediates the synthesis of mature and functional messenger RNA. This is a multistep process, called the transcription cycle, that includes five stages: preinitiation, promoter, clearance, elongation and termination. Elongation is thought to be a critical stage for the regulation of gene expression. ELL (11-19 lysine-rich leukemia protein), also designated MEN, functions as an RNA polymerase II elongation factor that increases the rate of transcription by suppressing transient pausing by RNA polymerase II. It is also thought to regulate cellular proliferation. ELL is abundantly expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes, skeletal muscle, placenta and testis, with lower expression in spleen, thymus, heart, brain, lung, kidney, liver and ovary. ELL3 is a 397 amino acid nuclear protein that functions as an RNA polymerase II elongation factor that increases the rate of transcription by suppressing transient pausing by RNA polymerase II. Though similar to ELL and ELL2, ELL3 is exclusively expressed in testis.

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500)

400-901-9800

IHC-F (1:100-500) **IF** (1:50-200) **ELISA** (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Chicken, Dog)

Predicted MW.: ^{17 kDa}

Subcellular Nucleus Location: