bs-3514R

[Primary Antibody]

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DATASHEET -

Isotype: IgG

Host: Rabbit Clonality: Polyclonal

D-DIMER Rabbit pAb

GeneID: 2243 SWISS: P02671

Target: D-DIMER

Immunogen: homogenized human fibrin clot: Human homogenized fibrin clot..

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Fibrinogen is the main protein of blood coagulation system. It is a large protein and it consists of two identical subunits that contain three polypeptide chains: alpha, beta and gamma. All chains are connected with each other by a number of disulfide bonds. Fibrinopeptides A (1 to 16 amino acids) and B (1 to 17 amino acids) are released by thrombin from the N terminal parts of alpha and beta chains, respectively. In this way fibrinogen is converted into fibrin, which by means of polymerization forms a fibrin clot. Fibrinogen clotting underlies pathogenesis of MI, thromboembolism and thromboses of arteries and veins, since fibrin is the main substrate for thrombus formation. Fibrinogen activation is also involved in pathogenesis of inflammation, tumor growth and many other diseases. The normal fibrinogen concentration in plasma is about 3 mg/ml. The elevated level of fibrinogen in patient's blood is regarded as an independent risk factor for cardiovascular diseases. An increase in blood fibrinogen concentration was shown to be a strong predictor of coronary heart disease (Sonel A. et al, and Rapold H.J. et al). All these facts make fibrinogen an important parameter in the diagnosis of cardiovascular diseases.

Applications: IHC-P (1:100-500)

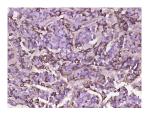
IHC-F (1:100-500) **IF** (1:100-500)

Reactivity: Human

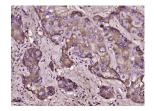
Predicted 340 kDa

Subcellular Location: Secreted

VALIDATION IMAGES



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human gastric carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (D-DIMER) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-3514R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human liver carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (D-DIMER) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-3514R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- [IF=7.666] Magdalena Kopytek. et al. PAI-1 Overexpression in Valvular Interstitial Cells Contributes to Hypofibrinolysis in Aortic Stenosis. CELLS-BASEL. 2023 Jan;12(10):1402 IF; Human. 10.3390/cells12101402
- [IF=4.2] Xinxin Li. et al. A one-step process for multi-gradient wettability modification on a polymer surface. ANALYST. 2024 Feb;: Other; 38421308
- [IF=3.9] Jung-Wook Song. et al. High-Dose Tranexamic Acid Enhances Circulating Neutrophil Extracellular Traps and Thrombus in Thrombosis Mouse Model. BIOMEDICINES. 2025 Jun;13(6):1284 IHC; Mouse. 40564002