

bs-9677R**[Primary Antibody]****C19orf18 Rabbit pAb****BioSS**
ANTIBODIES

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— DATASHEET —

Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500)
GeneID: 147685	SWISS: Q8NEA5	IHC-F (1:100-500)
Target: C19orf18		IF (1:100-500)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human C19orf18: 21-120/215. < Extracellular >		ICC/IF (1:100-500)
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		ELISA (1:5000-10000)
Concentration: 1mg/ml		Reactivity: (predicted: Human)
Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		Predicted MW.: 21 kDa
Background: C19orf18 is a 215 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 19. Chromosome 19 consists of approximately 63 million bases and makes up over 2% of human genomic DNA. Chromosome 19 includes a diversity of interesting genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte Ig-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family, and Fcα receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19. Peutz-Jeghers syndrome, spinocerebellar ataxia type 6, the stroke disorder CADASIL, hypercholesterolemia and insulin-dependent diabetes have been linked to chromosome 19. Translocations with chromosome 19 and chromosome 14 can be seen in some lymphoproliferative disorders and typically involve the proto-oncogene BCL3.		Subcellular Location: Cell membrane