bs-14723R

[Primary Antibody]

C1QTNF12 Rabbit pAb

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 388581 SWISS: Q5T7M4

Target: C1QTNF12

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human C1QTNF12:

151-250/302.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The FAM132A gene product has been provisionally designated FAM132A pending further characterization.

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)

IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) **IF** (1:100-500) ICC/IF (1:100-500) **ELISA** (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Dog,

Horse)

Predicted 30 kDa

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm