bs-11475R

[Primary Antibody]

RGMC/Repulsive Guidance Molecule C Rabbit pAb



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DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GenelD: 148738 **SWISS: Q6ZVN8**

Target: RGMC/Repulsive Guidance Molecule C

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Repulsive

Guidance Molecule C: 205-255/426.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The repulsive guidance molecule (RGM) family of proteins are important in the guidance of growth cones of developing neurons. They are repulsive for a group of axons, those from the temporal half of the retina. RGM have been implicated in both axonal guidance and neural tube closure but as opposed to for ephrins, semaphorins, netrins and slits, no receptor mechanism for RGM activation has been defined. Dorsal root ganglion axons do not respond to RGM but neogenin (a netrin-binding protein which can function as an RGM receptor) expression can spur RGM responsiveness. The RGM proteins are attached to the membrane by a GPI-anchor. Two members of this family, RGMa and RGMb, are expressed in the nervous system. RGMc, also known as Hemojuvelin, is a part of the signaling pathway activating hepcidin and works together with hepcidin to restrict iron absorption in the gut. Defects in the gene encoding for RGMc causes the autosomal recessive disorder juvenile hemochromatosis (JH).

Applications: ELISA (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Sheep,

Cow)

Predicted 39 kDa MW.:

Subcellular Cell membrane