

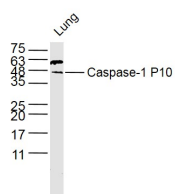
**bs-20616R****[ Primary Antibody ]****Caspase-1 P10 Rabbit pAb****BioSS**  
**ANTIBODIES**

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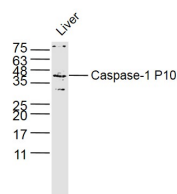
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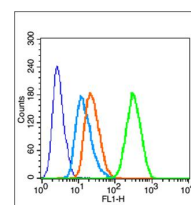
400-901-9800

**DATASHEET****Host:** Rabbit**Isotype:** IgG**Clonality:** Polyclonal**GeneID:** 834**SWISS:** P29466**Target:** Caspase-1 P10**Immunogen:** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Caspase-1 P10: 321-404/404.**Purification:** affinity purified by Protein A**Concentration:** 1mg/ml**Storage:** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.  
Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.**Background:** This gene encodes a protein which is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce 2 subunits, large and small, that dimerize to form the active enzyme. This gene was identified by its ability to proteolytically cleave and activate the inactive precursor of interleukin-1, a cytokine involved in the processes such as inflammation, septic shock, and wound healing. This gene has been shown to induce cell apoptosis and may function in various developmental stages. Studies of a similar gene in mouse suggest a role in the pathogenesis of Huntington disease. Alternative splicing of this gene results in five transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq].**Applications:** WB (1:500-2000)**Flow-Cyt** (1µg/Test)**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse**Predicted MW.:** 10/45 kDa**Subcellular Location:** Cytoplasm**VALIDATION IMAGES**

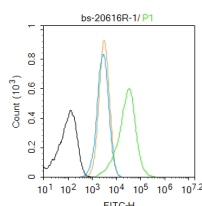
Sample: Lung Cell (Mouse) Lysate at 40 µg  
 Primary: Anti-NKG2D (bs-20616R) at 1/300 dilution  
 Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution  
 Predicted band size: 10/45 kD  
 Observed band size: 45 kD



Sample: Liver Cell (Mouse) Lysate at 40 µg  
 Primary: Anti-NKG2D (bs-20616R) at 1/300 dilution  
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 Predicted band size: 10/45 kD  
 Observed band size: 45 kD



Blank control (blue line): MCF7 (fixed with 70% ethanol (Overnight at 4°C) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 30 min on ice)  
 Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-se-1 P10 antibody (bs-20616R), Dilution: 1µg / 10<sup>6</sup> cells;  
 Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG .  
 Secondary Antibody (white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC, Dilution: 1µg / test.



Blank control: HL-60. Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-Caspase-1 P10 antibody (bs-20616R) Dilution: 1µg / 10<sup>6</sup> cells;  
 Isotype

**Important Note:** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG .  
Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF488  
Dilution: 1µg /test. Protocol The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature)and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBST for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

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## — SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=3.739]** Yuting Wang. et al. Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether Quinone Exposure Induces Atherosclerosis Progression via CD36-Mediated Lipid Accumulation, NLRP3 Inflammasome Activation, and Pyroptosis. Chem Res Toxicol. 2021;XXXX(XXX):XXX-XXX WB ;Mouse. 34428026