bsm-52124R

- DATASHEET ------

[Primary Antibody]

Nanog Recombinant Rabbit mAb



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Host: Rab	bit	lsotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-1000) IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:50-200) IF (1:50-200)	
Clonality: Rec	ombinant	CloneNo.: 1A11		
GenelD: 100	293888	SWISS: Q9H9S0		
Target: Nanog			ICC/IF (1:50-200)	
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A			Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat	
Concentration: 1mg	g/ml			
 Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Background: Nanog is a newly identified homeodomain-bearing transcriptional factor. Nanog expression is specific to early embryos and pluripotential stem cells including mouse and human embryonic stem (ES) and embryonic germ (EG) cells. It is a key molecule involved in the signaling pathway for maintaining the capacity for self-renewal and pluripotency, bypassing regulation by the STAT3 pathway. Nanog mRNA is present in pluripotent mouse and human cell lines, and absent from differentiated cells. Nanog-deficient ES cells lose pluripotency and differentiate into extraembryonic endoderm lineage. Thus it is one of the molecular markers suitable for recognizing the undifferentiated state of stem cells in the mouse and human. NANOG is a new marker for testicular carcinoma in situ and germ cell tumors. NANOG is a gene expressed in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) and is thought to be a key factor in maintaining pluripotency. NANOG 			Predicted 34 kDa MW.: ^{34 kDa} Subcellular Location: ^{Nucleus}	
and area oth cell	SOX2 to establish ESC ide a of study because of their er words, these cells have	concert with other factors such as POU5F1 ESC identity. These cells offer an important of their ability to maintain pluripotency. In Is have the ability to become virtually any germ layers (endoderm, ectoderm,		