

**bs-7404R****[ Primary Antibody ]****SEC61 beta Rabbit pAb****Bioss**  
**ANTIBODIES**

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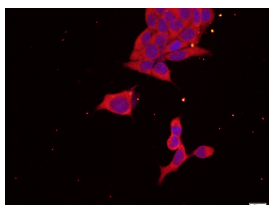
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**— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Rabbit	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> ICC/IF (1:100-500)
<b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal		<b>Reactivity:</b> Human (predicted: Mouse, Rat, Sheep, Cow, Chicken)
<b>GeneID:</b> 10952	<b>SWISS:</b> P60468	
<b>Target:</b> SEC61 beta		<b>Predicted MW.:</b> 9.8 kDa
<b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SEC61 beta: 2-50/96.		<b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cytoplasm
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
<b>Background:</b> The Sec61 complex is the central component of the protein translocation apparatus of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) membrane. Oligomers of the Sec61 complex form a transmembrane channel where proteins are translocated across and integrated into the ER membrane. This complex consists of three membrane proteins- alpha, beta, and gamma. This gene encodes the beta-subunit protein. The Sec61 subunits are also observed in the post-ER compartment, suggesting that these proteins can escape the ER and recycle back. There is evidence for multiple polyadenylated sites for this transcript. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]		

**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Tissue/cell: Human 293FT cell;4%  
Paraformaldehyde-fixed; Blocking buffer  
(normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;  
Incubation: Anti-SEC61 beta Polyclonal  
Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-7404R) 1:200,  
overnight at 4°C; The secondary antibody was  
Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, Cy5 conjugated(bs-0295G-  
Cy5)used at 1:200 dilution for 40 minutes at  
37°C. DAPI(5ug/ml,blue,C-0033) was used to  
stain the cell nuclei