

**bs-16335R****[ Primary Antibody ]****GSG1L Rabbit pAb****BioSS**  
**ANTIBODIES**

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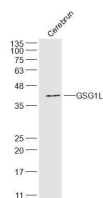
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**— DATASHEET —**

<b>Host:</b> Rabbit	<b>Isotype:</b> IgG	<b>Applications:</b> WB (1:500-2000)
<b>Clonality:</b> Polyclonal		
<b>GeneID:</b> 146395	<b>SWISS:</b> Q6UXU4	
<b>Target:</b> GSG1L		
<b>Immunogen:</b> KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GSG1L: 1-100/331.		
<b>Purification:</b> affinity purified by Protein A		
<b>Concentration:</b> 1mg/ml		
<b>Storage:</b> 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		<b>Reactivity:</b> Mouse, Rat (predicted: Human, Pig, Cow, Dog)
<b>Background:</b> GSG1L is a 331 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein belonging to the GSG1 family. Existing as four alternatively spliced isoforms, GSG1L is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 16, which encodes over 900 genes, comprises nearly 3% of the human genome and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. A rare disorder known as Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is associated with chromosome 16, as is Crohn's disease, which is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition.		<b>Predicted MW.:</b> 37 kDa
		<b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cell membrane

**— VALIDATION IMAGES —**

Sample: Cerebrum (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug  
Primary: Anti-GSG1L (bs-16335R) at 1/300  
dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution Predicted band size: 37 kD Observed band size: 37 kD