bsm-33142M

[Primary Antibody]

BIOSS ANTIBODIES

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

eIF4A1 Mouse mAb

- DATASHEET -

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG
Clonality: Monoclonal CloneNo.: 1B8
GeneID: 1973 SWISS: P60842

Target: eIF4A1

Purification: affinity purified by Protein G

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: Size: 50ul/100ul/200ul

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Size: 200ug (PBS only)

0.01M PBS

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

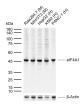
freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Translation initiation in eukaryotes necessitates the assembly of

an 80S ribosomal complex. Eukaryotic initiation factors (eIFs) are utilized in a sequence of reactions that leads to 80S ribosomal assembly and initiation of translation. Mammalian eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4F) is a protein complex that contains eIF4A, eIF4E and eIF4G, binds mRNA at a 5'-cap motif and recruits the 43S ribosomal preinitiation complex to the eligible transcript. Along with eIF4B, the eIF4F complex mediates the unwinding of mRNA secondary structure to facilitate ribosome association. eIF4E specifically interacts with the 5' cap, eIF4A(I,II) are bidirectional RNA helicases, and eIF4G(I,II) are scaffolding proteins which coordinate eIF4E, eIF4A, eIF3 and the 40S ribosome. Human eIF4AI (eIF4A, DDX2A) is a 406 amino acid protein that is 92.7% homologous to mouse eIF4AI. The promoter region of human eIF4AI contains TATA and CAAT motifs and consensus

binding sites to Sp1 and AP2.

VALIDATION IMAGES



Sample: Lane 1: Mouse Raw264.7 cell lysates Lane 2: Mouse NIH/3T3 cell lysates Lane 3: Human HepG2 cell lysates Lane 4: Human K562 cell lysates Lane 5: Human PANC-1 cell lysates Primary: Anti-eIF4A1 (bsm-33142M) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: Alexa Fluor 790 AffiniPure Goat Anti-Mouse IgG, light chain specific Predicted band size: 46 kDa Observed band size: Predicted MW.: 46 kDa

Location: ,Cytoplasm

Subcellular Extracellular matrix