bs-8525R

[Primary Antibody]

DNA Polymerase beta Rabbit pAb

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DATASHEET -

Host: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

GeneID: 5423 SWISS: P06746

Target: DNA Polymerase beta

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DNA

Polymerase beta: 55-160/335.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: DNA replication, recombination and repair, all of which are necessary for genomic stability, require the presence of exonucleases (1). In DNA replication, these enzymes are involved in the processing of Okazaki fragments, whereas in DNA repair, they function to excise damaged DNA fragments and correct recombinational mismatches (2). These exonucleases include the family of DNA polymerases (3). DNA pol α , β , ∂ , and e are involved in DNA replication and repair (4). DNA pol ∂ and DNA pol e are multisubunit enzymes, with DNA pol ∂ consisting of two subunits p125, which interacts with the sliding DNA clamp protein PCNA, and p50 (5). The nuclear-encoded DNA pol © is the only DNA polymerase required for the replication of the mitochondrial DNA (6). DNA pol Ω is ubiquitously expressed in various tissues and mediates the cellular mechanism of damage-induced mutagenesis (7). DNA pol œ is a DNA polymerase-helicase that binds ATP and is involved in the repair of interstrand crosslinks (8).

Applications: WB (1:500-2000)

IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) **IF** (1:100-500) **ELISA** (1:5000-10000)

Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,

Rat, Pig, Cow, Chicken, Dog,

Horse)

Predicted MW.: 37 kDa

Subcellular Location: Nucleus