bsm-33106M

[Primary Antibody]

Bioss

www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

Histone H3 (tri methyl K9) Mouse mAb

- DATASHEET -

Host: Mouse Isotype: IgG1
Clonality: Monoclonal CloneNo.: 4C3
GeneID: 8350 SWISS: P68431

Target: Histone H3 (tri methyl K9)

Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthesised methylpeptide derived from human

Histone H3 around the methylation site of Tri Methyl K9: AR(Tri

Methyl-K)ST.

Purification: affinity purified by Protein G

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Storage: Size: 50ul/100ul/200ul

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50%

Glycerol.

Size: 200ug (PBS only)

0.01M PBS

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: Modulation of the chromatin structure plays an important role in

the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. The N-terminal tail of core histones undergoes different posttranslational modifications including acetylation, phosphorylation and methylation. These modifications occur in response to cell signal stimuli and have a direct effect on gene expression. In most species, the histone H2B is primarily acetylated at lysines 5, 12, 15 and 20. Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at lysines 9, 14, 18 and 23. Acetylation at lysine 9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms. Phosphorylation at Ser10 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation

during both mitosis and meiosis.

Applications: Flow-Cyt (1ug/Test)

Reactivity: Human (predicted: Mouse,

Rat)

Predicted MW.: 15 kDa

Subcellular Nucleus