bs-11834R

[Primary Antibody]

DYRK1A Rabbit pAb



www.bioss.com.cn sales@bioss.com.cn techsupport@bioss.com.cn 400-901-9800

- DATASHEET		400-901-9800
Host: Rabbit	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000)
Clonality: Polyclonal		IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500)
GenelD: 1859	SWISS: Q13627	IF (1:100-500)
Target: DYRK1A		ICC/IF (1:100-500) ELISA (1:5000-10000)
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DYRK1A: 81-170/763.		IA: Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse,
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A		Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Sheep, Cow, Chicken, Dog, Horse)
Concentration: 1mg/ml		cow, chicken, bog, horse)
 Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Background: Dyrk (for dual specificity tyrosine phosphorylation regulated kinase) is the homolog of the Drosophila mnb (minibrain) gene which is required for neurogenesis. Dyrk is a dual-specificity tyrosine kinase and serine/threonine kinase, which is itself regulated by tyrosine phosphorylation. Several mammalian Dyrk related proteins have been identified and are thought to compose a family of dual specificity tyrosine-phosphorylation-regulated kinase 1A), Dyrk1B, Dyrk1C, Dyrk2, Dyrk3, Dyrk4A and Dyrk4B, are thought to be involved in diverse cellular functions. Localized to the nucleus and highly expressed in testis, muscle and the developing nervous system, Dyrk1A, also known as MNB or MNBH, functions to phosphorylate serine, threonine and tyrosine regulate cell proliferation. Dyrk1A is a candidate gene for learning defects that are involved in Downs syndrome (DS), suggesting a possible role for Dyrk1A in the development of DS. Four isoforms of Dyrk1A exist due to alternative splicing events. 		Dyrk pose pers, nd ns. le and or sine s that rning g a

- SELECTED CITATIONS -

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- [IF=4.5] Li Guan. et al. Design, synthesis, and biological evaluation of β-carboline-cinnamic acid derivatives as DYRK1A inhibitors in the treatment of diabetes. BIOORG CHEM. 2024 Oct;151:107676 WB ;MOUSE. 39068716
- [IF=4.8] Lu Wang. et al.TOM1L1 mediated the sort of tumor suppressive miR-378a-3p into exosomes and the excretion out of cells to promote ESCC progression..CANCER GENE THERAPY.2025 Mar 23. IHC ;MOUSE. 40123000