

bsm-0940M**[Primary Antibody]**

www.bioss.com.cn

sales@bioss.com.cn

techsupport@bioss.com.cn

400-901-9800

LAMR1(5D4) Mouse mAb**— DATASHEET —**

Host: Mouse	Isotype: IgG	Applications: WB (1:500-2000) IHC-P (1:100-500) IHC-F (1:100-500) IF ELISA (1:5000-10000) Reactivity: (predicted: Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog) Predicted MW.: 32.7 kDa Subcellular Location: Extracellular matrix ,Cell membrane ,Cytoplasm ,Nucleus
Clonality: Monoclonal	CloneNo.: 5D4	
GeneID: 3921	SWISS: P08865	
Target: LAMR1(5D4)		
Immunogen: KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LAMR1: 2-100/295.		
Purification: affinity purified by Protein G		
Concentration: 1mg/ml		
Storage: Size : 50ul/100ul/200ul 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Size : 200ug (PBS only) 0.01M PBS Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.		
Background: Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Many of the effects of laminin are mediated through interactions with cell surface receptors. These receptors include members of the integrin family, as well as non-integrin laminin-binding proteins. This gene encodes a high-affinity, non-integrin family, laminin receptor 1. This receptor has been variously called 67 kD laminin receptor, 37 kD laminin receptor precursor (37LRP) and p40 ribosome-associated protein. The amino acid sequence of laminin receptor 1 is highly conserved through evolution, suggesting a key biological function. It has been observed that the level of the laminin receptor transcript is higher in colon carcinoma tissue and lung cancer cell line than their normal counterparts. Also, there is a correlation between the upregulation of this polypeptide in cancer cells and their invasive and metastatic phenotype. Multiple copies of this gene exist, however, most of them are pseudogenes thought to have arisen from retropositional events. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]		

— SELECTED CITATIONS —

- **[IF=2.4]** Wang, Leilei, et al. "67 - kDa Laminin Receptor (LR1) Contributes to Hypoxia - induced Migration and Invasion of Trophoblast - like Cells by Mediating Matrix Metalloproteinase (MMP) - 9." Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology (2015). WB ;Human. 25800042