

phospho-AMPK alpha-1 (Ser184) Rabbit pAb

Catalog Number: bs-10666R

Target Protein: phospho-AMPK alpha-1 (Ser184)

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Form: Liquid

Host: Rabbit

Clonality: Polyclonal

Isotype: IgG

Applications: WB (1:500-2000), IHC-P (1:100-500), IHC-F (1:100-500), IF (1:100-500), Flow-Cyt (2ug/Test)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat (predicted:Rabbit, Pig, Cow, Horse)

Predicted MW: 64 kDa

Entrez Gene: 5562

Source: KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human AMPK alpha 1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser184: RT(p-S)CG.

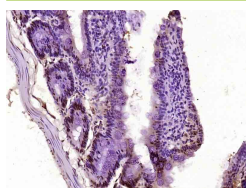
Purification: affinity purified by Protein A

Storage: 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It is the catalytic subunit of the 5'-prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a cellular energy sensor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is activated by the stimuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the activities of a number of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects cells from stresses that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming biosynthetic pathways. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

VALIDATION IMAGES



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat colon); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (phospho-AMPK alpha-1(Ser184)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-10666R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PUBLICATIONS

[IF=6.8] Huan Deng. et al. Low selenium and T-2 toxin may be involved in the pathogenesis of Kashin-Beck disease by affecting AMPK/mTOR/ULK1 pathway mediated autophagy. ECOTOX ENVIRON SAFE. 2024 Jul;279:116503 IHC,WB ; Rat . 38810288

[IF=3.571] Jiang T et al. Protein-bound Anthocyanin Compounds of Purple Sweet Potato (p-BAC-PSP) Ameliorate Hyperglycemia by Regulating Hepatic Glucose Metabolism in High Fat Diet/Streptozotocin-Induced Diabetic Mice. J Agric Food Chem. 2020 Feb 12;68(6):1596-1608. WB ; Mouse . 31927925